

§ 531.607

5 CFR Ch. I (1–1–03 Edition)

for the purpose of subpart D of part 752 of this chapter or an action under 5 CFR 930.214.

(k) When an employee's locality rate of pay under this subpart is greater than any applicable special salary rate under 5 U.S.C. 5305 or similar provision of law (other than section 403 of FEPCA), the payment of the rate resulting from the comparison required by paragraph (a) of this section is deemed to have reduced the locality rate of pay payable under 5 U.S.C. 5304, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 5305(g)(1).

[58 FR 69174, Dec. 30, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 3541, Feb. 1, 1996; 64 FR 36771, July 8, 1999; 64 FR 69173, Dec. 10, 1999]

§ 531.607 Reports.

The Office of Personnel Management may require agencies to report pertinent information concerning the administration of payments under this subpart.

Subpart G—Continued Rates of Pay

SOURCE: 61 FR 3541, Feb. 1, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 531.701 Definitions.

In this subpart:

Continued rate of pay means a rate of pay first established in January 1994 for an employee who previously received an interim geographic adjustment on top of a worldwide or nationwide special rate authorized under 5 U.S.C. 5305.

Employee means an employee in a position in whom subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code applies, whose official duty station is located in an interim geographic adjustment area and who is receiving a continued rate of pay.

General Schedule means the basic pay schedule established under 5 U.S.C. 5332.

Interim geographic adjustment area means one of the following Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's), as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), that was an interim geographic adjustment area when continued rates of pay first became applicable in January 1994:

(1) New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA;

(2) Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA; or

(3) San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA.

Official duty station means the duty station for an employee's position of record as indicated on his or her most recent notification of personnel action.

§ 531.702 Computation of hourly, daily, weekly, and biweekly continued rates of pay.

When it is necessary to convert a continued rate of pay from an annual rate to an hourly, daily, weekly, or biweekly rate, the following methods apply:

(a) To derive an hourly rate, divided the continued rate by 2,087 and round to the nearest cent, counting one-half cent and over as a whole cent;

(b) To derive a daily rate, multiply the hourly rate by the number of daily hours of service required by the employee's basic daily tour of duty;

(c) To derive a weekly or biweekly rate, multiply the hourly rate by 40 or 80, as the case may be.

§ 531.703 Administration of continued rates of pay.

(a) An employee shall receive the greatest of—

(1) His or her rate of basic pay, including any applicable special salary rate established under 5 U.S.C. 5305 or similar provision of law or special rate for law enforcement officers under section 403 of FEPCA;

(2) A *continued rate of pay* under this subpart;

(3) A *special law enforcement officer adjusted rate of pay* under subpart C of this part, where applicable, including a *special law enforcement adjusted rate of pay* continued under § 531.307; or

(4) A *locality rate of pay* under subpart F of this part, where applicable.

(b) A continued rate of pay is considered basic pay for the same purposes as described in § 531.606(b), as applicable.

(c) A continued rate of pay is paid only for those hours for which an employee is in a pay status.

(d) A continued rate of pay is included in an employee's "total remuneration," as defined in § 551.511(b) of

this chapter, and “straight time rate of pay,” as defined in § 551.512(b) of this chapter, for the purpose of computations under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended.

(e) At the time of an adjustment in pay under 5 U.S.C. 5303, a continued rate of pay shall be increased by the lesser of—

(1) The dollar amount of the adjustment (including a zero adjustment) made under 5 U.S.C. 5303 in the General Schedule rate of basic pay for the employee's grade and step (or relative position in the rate range); or

(2) The dollar amount of the adjustment (including a zero adjustment) in the special salary rate applicable to the employee as a result of the annual review of special rates required by § 530.304 of this chapter.

(f) An increase in a continued rate of pay under paragraph (e) of this section is not an equivalent increase in pay within the meaning of section 5335 of title 5, United States Code.

(g) A continued rate of pay terminates on the date—

(1) An employee's official duty station is no longer located in one of the interim geographic adjustment areas;

(2) An employee is no longer in a position covered by this subpart;

(3) An employee separates from Federal service;

(4) An employee's special salary rate under 5 U.S.C. 5305 or similar provision of law (other than section 403 of FEPCA) exceeds his or her continued rate of pay;

(5) An employee's *special law enforcement adjusted rate of pay* under subpart C of this part exceeds his or her continued rate of pay;

(6) An employee's *locality rate of pay* under subpart F of this part exceeds his or her continued rate of pay;

(7) An employee is reduced in grade; or

(8) An employee is no longer in a position covered by a nationwide or worldwide special rate authorization (or, in the event of the conversion of a nationwide or worldwide special rate authorization to a local special rate authorization, a position covered by the new local special rate authorization).

(h) Termination of a continued rate of pay under paragraph (g) of this section is not an adverse action for the purpose of subpart D of part 752 of this chapter.

(i) An employee's entitlement to a continued rate of pay is not affected by a temporary promotion or temporary reassignment, except that a continued rate shall be suspended when a temporary promotion or reassignment causes one of the conditions in paragraph (g) of this section to be satisfied. In such situations, an employee's entitlement to continued pay will resume as if never interrupted upon return to the permanent position, subject to the requirements of this subpart. A continued rate that is resumed shall include any pay adjustments that were authorized for the permanent position under paragraph (e) of this section during the period of the temporary promotion or reassignment.

[61 FR 3541, Feb. 1, 1996, as amended at 61 FR 34714, July 3, 1996; 64 FR 36771, July 8, 1999]

§ 531.704 Effect of continued rates of pay on retention payments under FBI demonstration project.

As required by section 406 of the Federal Employees Pay Comparability Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-509), a retention payment payable to an employee of the New York Field Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation under section 601(a)(2) of Public Law 100-453, as amended, shall be reduced by the amount of any continued rate adjustment payable to that employee under this subpart. For the purpose of applying this section, the amount of any continued rate adjustment shall be determined by subtracting the employee's scheduled annual rate of pay (as defined in § 531.602 of this part from his or her continued rate of pay.

§ 531.705 Reports.

The Office of Personnel Management may require agencies to report pertinent information concerning the administration of payments under this subpart.